

Chapter 7. Gorenstein projective obj'

• 1950. D. Gorenstein (Ph.D.) $\rightarrow$

• 1962. H. Bass: Comm. Gorenstein ring R (right Noetherian ring of Gorenstein $\Leftrightarrow$ eR, R_e left and right self-injective $< \infty$)

R : G-类: (i.e. satisfy) $\star$

$$(1) \text{Ext}_R^i(M, R) = 0 = \text{Ext}_R^i(\text{Hom}_R(M, R), R) \quad \forall i \geq 1$$

$$(2) M \rightarrow \text{Hom}_R(\text{Hom}_R(M, R), R) \text{ natural iso.}$$

Thm: Com. local ring R is G-dim Gorenstein $\Leftrightarrow \text{G-dim}(N \in R\text{-mod}) < \infty$

1995. Enochs - Jenda

08. Gao - Zhang

$\mathcal{A}$: abelian category

$\mathcal{A} = \underline{R\text{-mod}}$ (R : left Noether ring) $P(\mathcal{A}) := P(R\text{-mod})$

$\underline{R\text{-Mod}}$

$P(\mathcal{A}) := P(R\text{-Mod})$

$M \in R\text{-mod}$

$\text{add}(M) := \{ \text{direct summands of finite sum} \}$

$M \in R\text{-Mod}$

$\text{Add}(M) := \{ \text{direct summands of a direct sum} \}$

$$P(R) = \text{add}({}_R R)$$

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§ 7.1.

$\mathcal{A}$: Abelian category with enough projective objects

$\mathcal{X} \subseteq \mathcal{A}$ be a full subcategory of $\mathcal{A}$

$$\text{Hom}_{\mathcal{A}}(-, \underline{\mathcal{X}})$$

Define a $\text{Hom}_A(L, \mathcal{X})$ exact sequ. E^* means that

(1) E^* itself is exact ✓

(2) $\text{Hom}_A(E, X)$ remains to be exact for $\forall X \in \mathcal{X}$

dually, we have terminology $\text{Hom}_A(\mathcal{X}, -)$ - exact sequence.

$$\mathcal{X} = \mathcal{P}(A)$$

Def 7.1: $\mathcal{A}$ Abelian category with enough projective objects

$\mathcal{P}(A)$:

(i) A totally projective resolution in $\mathcal{A}$ is $\text{Hom}_A(-, \mathcal{P}(A))$ exact sequence

$$(P, d) = \cdots \xrightarrow{d^{-1}} P^{-1} \xrightarrow{d^0} P^0 \xrightarrow{d^1} P^1 \rightarrow \cdots$$

with $P^i \in \mathcal{P}(A)$

$$\ker d^0 = \text{Im } d^{-1} \cong M$$

(ii) An obj M is called Gorenstein projective object. $\exists (P^*, d)$

$$\text{st } M \cong \text{Im } d^{-1}$$

Denote by $\text{GP}(A)$, the full subcategory of Gorenstein proj. ... in $\mathcal{A}$

$$R\text{-left Noether ring, } \underline{\text{GP}(R)} = \underline{\text{GP}(R\text{-mod})}$$

$\mathcal{P}(A)$

$$\text{Hom}_A(-, \mathcal{P}(A)) \Leftrightarrow \text{Hom}_A(P, R)$$

$$\mathcal{A} = R\text{-Mod} \leftarrow \underline{\text{GP}(R)}$$

Dually. (Gorenstein-injective obj.)

(1) $\text{Hom}_A(I(A), -)$ - exact sequen. $(I, d) = \cdots I^{-1} \xrightarrow{d^{-1}} I^0 \xrightarrow{d^1} I^1 \rightarrow \cdots$
(totally inj. resolution)

$$I^i \in I(A)$$

(2) $M \cong \text{Im } d^{-1}$ is called Gorenstein-inj obj.

$$\text{GI}(A)$$

$\mathcal{X} \subseteq \mathcal{A}$: full subcategory of $\mathcal{A}$, put

$$\perp \mathcal{X} = \{ \underline{M \in \mathcal{A}} \mid \underline{\text{Ext}_A^i(M, X)} = 0 \mid \forall X \in \mathcal{X} \forall i \geq 1 \}$$

• Fact 7.13. $\mathcal{A}$: Abelian category with enough projective objects

(i) $\mathcal{P}(\mathcal{A}) \subseteq \mathcal{GP}(\mathcal{A}) \subseteq {}^\perp \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{A})$ ✓

$$\begin{array}{c} \vdash \quad 0 \rightarrow P \xrightarrow{\text{id}_M} P \rightarrow 0 \\ \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \quad \quad \downarrow \\ \quad \quad \quad 0 \quad \quad 0 \\ \forall P \in \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{A}) \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} R: \text{自左射环} \\ (\mathcal{GP}(\mathcal{A}) = R\text{-mod}) \leftarrow \\ \uparrow \end{array}$$

$$\cdots \rightarrow P^1 \rightarrow P^0 \rightarrow M \rightarrow I^0 \rightarrow I^1 \rightarrow \cdots \quad \begin{array}{c} \text{Hom}(-, \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{A})) \\ \downarrow \\ I(\mathcal{A}) \end{array}$$

Then $\cdots \rightarrow P^{-1} \xrightarrow{d^{-1}} \text{Im } d^{-1} \rightarrow 0$ is a projective resolution of M
 $\text{Ext}_{\mathcal{A}}^i(M, \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{A})) = 0$

$$0 \rightarrow \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{A}}(d^{-1}, \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{A})) \rightarrow \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{A}}(P^{-1}, \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{A})) \rightarrow \cdots$$

then $\text{Ext}_{\mathcal{A}}^k(M, \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{A})) = H^k(\quad) = 0$

(ii) $\mathcal{A}$: proj = inj
 $\mathcal{GP}(\mathcal{A}) = \mathcal{A}$

(iii) (P.d): totally Gorenstein proj. resolution
 $\text{Ext}_{\mathcal{A}}^i(\text{Im } d^i, \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{A})) = 0$

$$\Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Im } d^i \in \mathcal{GP}(\mathcal{A}) \\ \cdots \rightarrow P^i \rightarrow \text{Im } d^i \rightarrow 0 \\ \checkmark 0 \rightarrow \text{Im } d^i \rightarrow P^{i+1} \rightarrow \cdots \\ \checkmark 0 \rightarrow \text{Im } d^i \rightarrow P^{i+1} \rightarrow \cdots P^i \rightarrow \text{Im } d^i \rightarrow 0 \end{array} \right. \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{A}}(-, \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{A})) \text{ exact} \\ \star \end{array} \right.$$

$$\begin{aligned} \rightarrow \cdots \rightarrow \text{Hom}(P^{i+1}, \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{A})) &\rightarrow \text{Hom}(\text{Im } d^i, \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{A})) \rightarrow 0 \\ 0 \rightarrow \text{Im } d^i \rightarrow P^{i+1} &\xrightarrow{\quad} \text{Im } d^{i+1} \rightarrow 0 \rightarrow \text{Hom}(-, \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{A})) \\ &\quad \quad \quad \downarrow \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \\ &\quad \quad \quad \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{A}}(P^{i+1}, \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{A})) \rightarrow \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{A}}(\text{Im } d^i, \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{A})) \rightarrow \text{Ext}_{\mathcal{A}}^1(\text{Im } d^i, \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{A})) \\ &\quad \quad \quad \downarrow \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \\ &\quad \quad \quad \mathcal{GP}(\mathcal{A}) \end{aligned}$$

(iv) $M \in \mathcal{GP}(\mathcal{A})$. $L \in \mathcal{A}$ $\text{Pdim}(L) = n < \infty$,

$$\text{Ext}_{\mathcal{A}}^i(M, L) = 0 \quad \forall i \geq 1$$

/ / /

$$0 \rightarrow P_n \xrightarrow{\dots} P_1 \xrightarrow{d_1} P_0 \rightarrow L \rightarrow 0$$

$$\text{Ext}_{\mathcal{A}}^i(M, P_i) = 0 \quad (i \geq 1)$$

↓

$$0 \rightarrow \text{Ker } d^0 \xrightarrow{\text{Im } d^1} P_0 \xrightarrow{d^0} L \rightarrow 0$$

$$\text{Ext}_{\mathcal{A}}^i(M, L) = 0 \quad (\forall i \geq 1)$$

$$0 \rightarrow \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{A}}(M, \text{Ker } d^0) \rightarrow \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{A}}(M, P_0) \rightarrow \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{A}}(M, L) \rightarrow \text{Ext}_{\mathcal{A}}^1(M, \text{Ker } d^0)$$

Im P_{n-1}

$$\rightarrow \text{Ext}_{\mathcal{A}}^1(M, P_0) \rightarrow \text{Ext}_{\mathcal{A}}^1(M, L)$$

$$\rightarrow \text{Ext}_{\mathcal{A}}^2(M, \text{Ker } d^0) \rightarrow \dots$$

$$0 \rightarrow P_n \rightarrow P_{n-1} \rightarrow \text{Im } d_{n-1} \rightarrow 0$$

$$\text{Ext}_{\mathcal{A}}^1(M, \text{Im } d_{n-1}) = 0 \quad \checkmark$$

$$\text{Ext}_{\mathcal{A}}^1(M, \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{A})) = 0$$

Def 7.14. $\mathcal{A}$: (enough proj obj) abelian category.

$\mathcal{X} \subseteq \mathcal{A}$: full subcategory.

(1) A $\mathcal{X}$ -resolution of M in $\mathcal{X} \subseteq \mathcal{A}$

$$\dots \rightarrow X_1 \rightarrow X_0 \rightarrow M \rightarrow 0$$

with $X_i \in \mathcal{X}$

(2) A $\mathcal{X}$ -coresolution of M in $\mathcal{X}$

$$0 \rightarrow M \rightarrow X^0 \rightarrow X^1 \rightarrow \dots$$

Def: $\mathcal{X}(\mathcal{W}) = \{ M \in \mathcal{A} \mid 0 \rightarrow M \rightarrow T^0 \xrightarrow{d_0^0} T^1 \xrightarrow{d_1^1} \dots \}$

with $T^i \in \mathcal{W}$, $\text{Ker } d_i^i \in {}^\perp \mathcal{W} \quad \forall i \geq 0, (M \in {}^\perp \mathcal{W})$

$$\mathcal{W} \subseteq \mathcal{A}$$

full subcategory

aim $(\text{GR}(\mathcal{A}), \mathcal{S})$

Prop 7.15: $\mathcal{A}$: abelian category with enough projective objects.

(i) $M \in \mathcal{GP}(\mathcal{A}) \Leftrightarrow M \in {}^\perp \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{A})$ and $\exists$ a Hom $(-, \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{A}))$ -exact
 $\Leftrightarrow$ Co-resolution.

(ii) $M \in \mathcal{GP}(\mathcal{A}) \Leftrightarrow M \in \mathcal{J}_w$, $w = \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{A})$
 i.e. $\mathcal{J}_{\mathcal{P}(\mathcal{A})} = \mathcal{GP}(\mathcal{A}) = \left\{ M \in \mathcal{A} \mid \begin{array}{l} 0 \rightarrow M \rightarrow T^0 \rightarrow T^1 \rightarrow \dots \\ T^i \in \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{A}) \end{array} \right\}$

(iii) (EJ, Prop 10.2.3) $M \in \mathcal{GP}(\mathcal{A})$, $M \notin \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{A})$. then $\text{pdim}(M) = \infty$
 $\text{pdim}(M) = 0$ or ∞

Thus, $\frac{\text{gl.dim } R < \infty}{(\text{pdim } R = \infty)} \quad \frac{\mathcal{GP}(R) = \mathcal{P}(R)}{\mathcal{GP}(R) = \mathcal{P}(R)}$

(iv). $\forall$ Gorenstein projective module M .

$\exists \rightarrow \dots F^{-1} \xrightarrow{d_1^{-1}} F^0 \xrightarrow{d_0^0} F^1 \rightarrow \dots$ s.t. $M \cong \text{Im } d^{-1}$
 with F^i are free modules.

[Ref of (i). $0 \rightarrow M \rightarrow X^0 \rightarrow X^1 \rightarrow \dots$ with $X^i \in \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{A})$

$\exists (P^i) \rightarrow M \rightarrow 0$: proj. resolution of M

Then $P^i \rightarrow M \rightarrow X^0 \rightarrow X^1 \rightarrow \dots$ is a totally projective resolution
 $\text{Im } d^{-1} \cong M.$]

[(i') follows from (i)]

[(ii). $\frac{\text{pdim}(M) = n \neq 0 < \infty}{M \in \mathcal{GP}(\mathcal{A})}$

By Fact 7.13. (iv) $M \in \mathcal{GP}(R) \Leftrightarrow \text{Ext}_A^i(M, \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{A})) = 0 \quad (\forall i \geq 0)$

Let $0 \rightarrow P_n \xrightarrow{d_n} P_{n-1} \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow P_0 \rightarrow M \rightarrow 0$ is a projective resolution of M .

$$\text{Ind} \rightarrow \downarrow \text{is in } \forall i \quad 0 \rightarrow p_{n-1} \xrightarrow{t_{n-1}} \dots \rightarrow M \rightarrow 0$$

$$0 \rightarrow \text{Hom}_D(p_0, p_n) \rightarrow \text{Hom}_D(p_1, p_n) \rightarrow \dots$$

$$\text{Hom}_D(p_{n-1}, p_n) \xrightarrow{t_n^*} \text{Hom}_D(p_n, p_n) \rightarrow 0$$

$$\text{Ext}_A^n(M, p_n) = 0 \quad \text{St} \xrightarrow{t_n^*} \text{id}_{p_n}$$

$$\text{St} = \text{id}_{p_n}$$

$$\Rightarrow t_n \text{ is split monomorphism i.e. } \exists p_{n-1} \text{ s.t.}$$

$$p_n = \text{Im } t_n \oplus p_{n-1}$$

$$\Rightarrow 0 \rightarrow p_n \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow M \rightarrow 0$$

$$0 \rightarrow p_{n-1} \xrightarrow{t_{n-1}} p_{n-2} \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow p_0 \rightarrow M \rightarrow 0 \quad \left\{ \text{Pdim}(M) = n \right.$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Pdim}(M) = 0 \text{ or } \infty$$

$$M \in \text{GR}(A)$$

$$(iv): M \in \text{GR}(A) \Leftrightarrow \text{Hom}_D(-, P(A))$$

$$F^* \rightarrow M \rightarrow 0$$

$$0 \rightarrow M \rightarrow \underbrace{P^0} \rightarrow \underbrace{P^1} \rightarrow \dots$$

$$\text{choose } Q^0, Q^1, \text{ s.t. } \underline{Q^0 \oplus P^0 = F^0}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} 0 \rightarrow M \rightarrow \underbrace{P^0}_{\oplus} \rightarrow P^1 \rightarrow P^2 \rightarrow \dots \\ 0 \rightarrow \underbrace{Q^0}_{\oplus} \xrightarrow{\text{id}_{Q^0}} Q^0 \rightarrow 0 \\ 0 \rightarrow Q^1 \xrightarrow{\text{id}_{Q^1}} Q^1 \rightarrow 0 \\ \oplus \\ 0 \rightarrow Q^2 \rightarrow Q^2 \rightarrow 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 0 \rightarrow M \rightarrow P^0 \oplus Q^0 &\rightarrow P^1 \oplus Q^0 \oplus Q^1 \\ &\rightarrow P^2 \oplus Q^1 \oplus Q^2 \rightarrow \dots \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Hom}(-, P(A))$$

Def 7.16. $\mathcal{A}$: abelian category with enough proj. ...

(1)

$\mathcal{X} \subseteq \mathcal{A}$ is resolving subcategory, $\mathcal{P}(\mathcal{A}) \subseteq \mathcal{X}$

$\mathcal{X}$ is closed under extension, kernel of kernel, direct summand of direct sum

(2)

$W \subseteq \mathcal{A}$

$$\text{Ext}_{\mathcal{A}}^i(X, Y) = 0, \forall X, Y \in W, \forall i \geq 1$$

(3)

dual to (1)

Thm 7.17. $\mathcal{A}$: abelian category with enough proj.

(1)

$W \subseteq \mathcal{A}$, satisfy (2) $\Rightarrow \mathcal{X}_W = \{ M \in \mathcal{A} \mid \begin{array}{l} 0 \rightarrow T^0 \rightarrow T^1 \rightarrow \dots \\ T^i \in W \quad \text{Ker } d^i \in W \end{array} \}$

is a resolving subcategory,

$\text{Hom}_{\mathcal{A}}(-, W)$ -exact,

(2)

$\mathcal{GP}(\mathcal{A})$ is a resolving category

(3)

$(\mathcal{GP}(\mathcal{A}), \mathcal{S})$ is Frobenius category

$$\mathcal{S} = \{ \hookrightarrow X \rightarrow Y \rightarrow Z \rightarrow 0 \mid X, Y, Z \in \mathcal{GP}(\mathcal{A}), \}$$

(1)

$\mathcal{GP}(\mathcal{A}) \subseteq \mathcal{A}$ closed under extension

$\Rightarrow \mathcal{GP}(\mathcal{A})$ is exact category

Since

$$\mathcal{P}(\mathcal{A}) \subseteq \mathcal{GP}(\mathcal{A}) \subseteq {}^\perp \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{A})$$

$\Rightarrow$ The projective objects are $\mathcal{S}$ -injective objects in $\mathcal{GP}(\mathcal{A})$, and proj objects

$\Rightarrow \mathcal{GP}(\mathcal{A})$ is Frobenius category

(i)

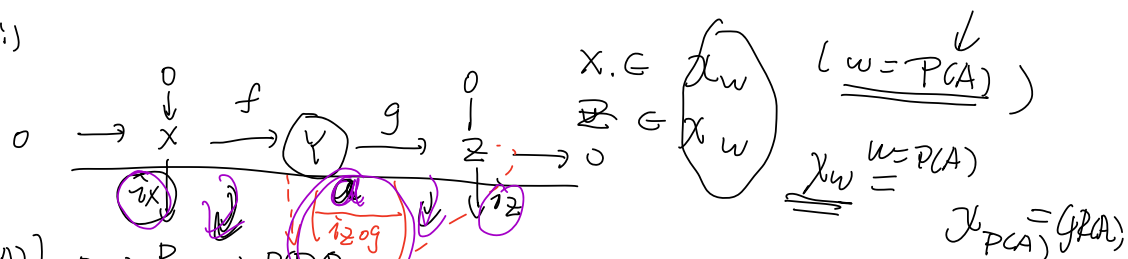
$\mathcal{X}_W$ (is closed under extension)

Let

$0 \rightarrow X \rightarrow Y \rightarrow Z \rightarrow 0$ be a s.e.s.

$(X, Y, Z \in \mathcal{GP}(\mathcal{A}))$

By 7.15 (ii) (iii)



① $P, Q \in \mathcal{W}(PCA)$

$$0 \rightarrow P \rightarrow P \oplus Q \rightarrow Q \rightarrow 0$$

$$\text{Coker}(i_X) = X' \in \mathcal{X}_W$$

$$\text{Coker}(i_Y) = Z' \in \mathcal{X}_W$$

claim $(\text{Ext}_A^1(Z, P) = 0) \checkmark$

$$0 \rightarrow \text{Hom}_A(Z, P) \rightarrow \text{Hom}_A(Y, P) \xrightarrow{a} \text{Hom}_A(X, P) \rightarrow \text{Ext}_A^1(Z, P) \rightarrow \text{Ext}_A^1(Y, P)$$

$a \mapsto a \circ f = i_X$

By the snake lemma, $\exists$ Coker of $\begin{pmatrix} a \\ i_{Z \circ g} \end{pmatrix} = Y'$

Since X', Z' are Gorenstein projective

$$X', Z' \in {}^\perp \mathcal{W}({}^\perp PCA) \Rightarrow Y' \in {}^\perp PCA$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{we have s.e. } 0 \rightarrow X' \rightarrow Y' \rightarrow Z' \rightarrow 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{Y \in \mathcal{G}(PCA)}$$

closed kernel of epimorphism ... #